



QUARTERLY OFFSHORE HYDROCARBON RELEASE REPORT 2015 Q4

Timetable of publication		
	Period	Date of publication
Q1	Jan - March	Mid May
Q2	April – June	Mid Aug
Q3	July – Sept	Mid Nov
Q4	Oct – Dec	Mid Feb

Quarterly record of UK offshore hydrocarbon releases.
Data is updated on a quarterly basis 6 weeks in arrears to allow adequate time for reporting, investigation and verification of data.

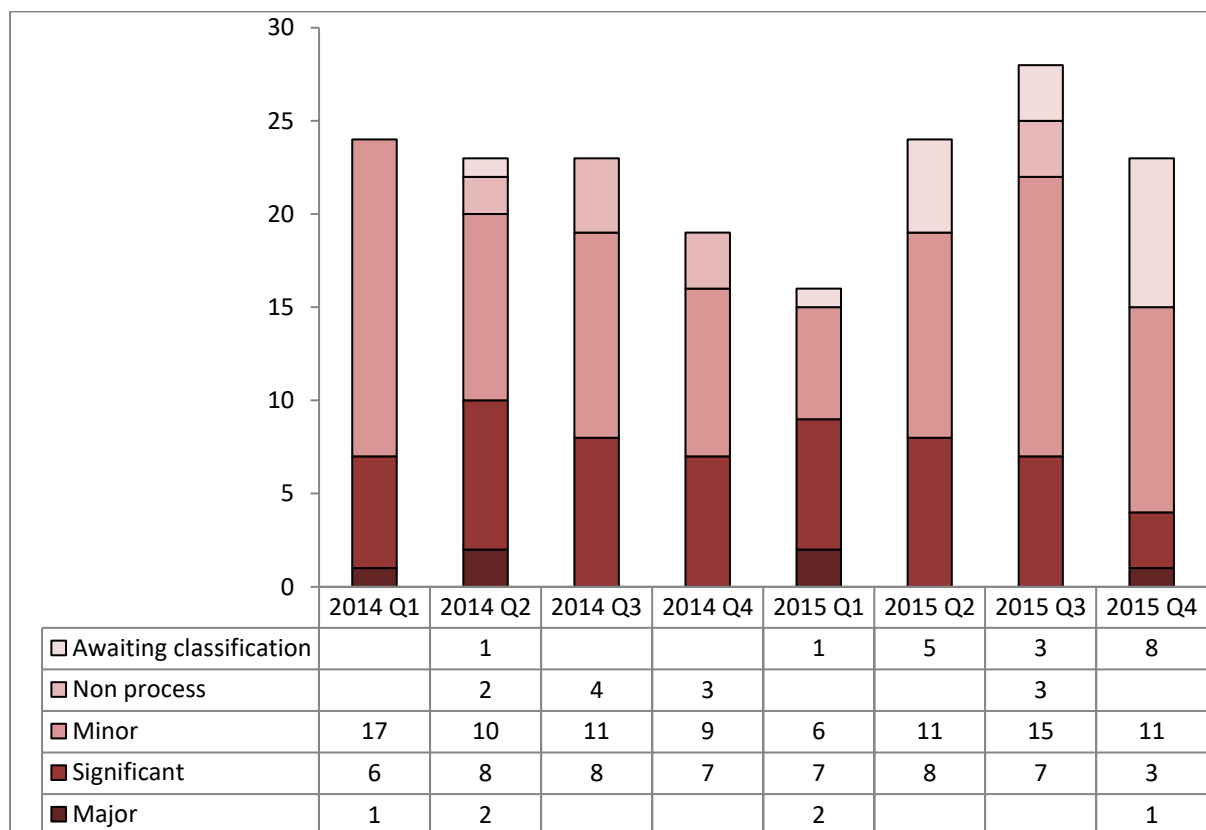
Notes: The data in this report is for the purposes of operational intelligence. It is an unofficial release and the data is not validated. As such, the figures may not necessarily be consistent with either previously published data or data which will be published in our annual report.

Date of release: 11th Feb 2016

Hydrocarbon Releases – 2015 Q4 Report

	Awaiting Classification	Non Process	Minor	Significant	Major	Total
2015 Q4	8	0	11	3	1	23
2014 Q4	0	3	9	7	0	19
2015 YTD	17	3	43	25	3	91
2014 YTD	1	9	47	29	3	89

Hydrocarbon Releases – 2015 Q4 Overview



Notes:

1. From April 2014 it was agreed with industry that only process hydrocarbon releases will have a severity classification. As such, any non-process releases will have no severity classification.
2. To give a complete picture of total hydrocarbon releases the above chart also includes non-process releases and all releases that are awaiting a severity classification.

Hydrocarbon Releases – 2015 Q4 Detail

Date of Release	Dutyholder	Installation Name	Quantity HC Released Kg	Type	Severity
01/10/2015	Maersk Oil North Sea Ltd	GLOBAL PRODUCER III	0.32	Gas	Minor
01/10/2015	ConocoPhillips (UK) Limited	LOGGS PP	1.124	Condensate	Significant
01/10/2015	BP Exploration & Operating Co Ltd	MUNGO	220	Gas	Significant
11/10/2015	Shell UK Ltd	Leman A	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
20/10/2015	Enquest PLC	Thistle A	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
21/10/2015	TAQA Bratani Ltd	EIDER	10.02	Gas	Minor
25/10/2015	Talisman Sinopec Energy UK Ltd	PIPER B	1.72	Gas	Minor
26/10/2015	Nexen Petroleum UK Ltd	SCOTT JD	2.5	Gas	Minor
31/10/2015	BG Group	Lomond	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
13/11/2015	Centrica Production Nederland BV (DEA UK SNS Ltd)	Windermere	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
15/11/2015	Marathon Oil UK Ltd	Brae A	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
15/11/2015	Shell UK Ltd	Curlew	4.8	Gas	Minor
18/11/2015	Marathon Oil UK Ltd	BRAE A	1.8	Gas	Minor
24/11/2015	Wintershall Noordzee BV	Wingate	9.3	Gas	Significant
29/11/2015	Marathon Oil UK Ltd	BRAE B	0.45	Gas	Minor
13/12/2015	Maersk Oil North Sea Ltd	Global Producer III	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
22/12/2015	BG International (CNS) Ltd	ARMADA	0.356205	Condensate	Minor
25/12/2015	Teekay Petrojarl Production	PETROJARL FOINAVEN	2	Gas	Minor
26/12/2015	Marathon Oil UK Ltd	BRAE A	2148	Gas	Major
28/12/2015	TAQA Bratani Ltd	Cormorant A	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
28/12/2015	Shell UK Ltd	BRENT CHARLIE	6	Gas	Minor
29/12/2015	Shell UK Ltd	Shell Caravel QR	TBC	TBC	Awaiting Classification
30/12/2015	CNR International UK Ltd	NINIAN CENTRAL	8.66	Oil	Minor

NOTES

HSE is responsible for regulating health & safety matters offshore. The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 (HSWA), supported by the HSWA (Application outside Great Britain) Order 2013, defines HSE's jurisdiction. HSE works with other regulators under Memorandum of Understandings and agency agreements where there is a potential overlap of responsibilities.

The Department of Energy and Climate Change (DECC) license oil and gas exploration and extraction, taxation and decommissioning. DECC inspectors are responsible for regulating marine pollution and environmental protection.

Hydrocarbon releases

Hydrocarbon releases (HCRs) are classified as 'Minor', 'Significant', or 'Major' based on severity classification definitions agreed with the offshore industry. HCR Severity Classification guidance can be found on the HSE website at www.hse.gov.uk/hcr3/help/help_public.asp.

In these statistics, RIDDOR reportable HCRs include:

- unintended releases of petroleum gas or liquids from an offshore installation that either result in fire or explosion or require action to prevent or limit the consequences of a potential fire or explosion if ignited, or which have the potential to cause death or major/specified injury. These are often referred to as 'process' HCRs
- the unintentional or uncontrolled release or escape of other hydrocarbons (e.g. heli-fuel) from an offshore installation which could cause a significant risk of personal injury. These are often referred to as 'non-process' HCRs
- HCRs from wells
- HCRs from pipelines within 500m of the installation

This Quarterly Offshore Hydrocarbon Release Report provides details of all hydrocarbon releases reported to HSE under the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) from 1 April 2015 to 31 June 2015.

HSE Offshore also produce an Annual Offshore Statistics and Regulatory Activity Report, found on our website at <http://www.hse.gov.uk/offshore/statistics.htm>

Oil & Gas UK, the leading representative body for the UK Offshore industry, also produce an annual health and safety report, found on their website at www.oilandgasuk.co.uk.

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